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Page 1
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=> d que stat 13 STR Ηу

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

14 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 L2

4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 L3

=> d his

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:05:58 ON 12 JUN 2003

STRUCTURE UPLOADED L1

L214 L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:06:27 ON 12 JUN 2003

L3 4 L2

=> d 13 total ibib abs hitstr

ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

2002:127033 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:386341

2'-Ethynyl-DNA: synthesis and pairing properties TITLE:

Buff, Rolf; Hunziker, Jurg AUTHOR(S):

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Bern, Bern, CH-3012, Switz.
Helvetica Chimica Acta (2002), 85(1), 224-254 CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

2-Ethynyl-DNA was developed as a potential DNA-selective oligonucleotide analog. The synthesis of 2'-arabino-ethynyl-modified nucleosides was achieved starting from properly protected 2'-ketonucleosides by addition of lithium (trimethylsilyl)acetylide followed by reduction of the tertiary alc. After a series of protecting-group manipulations, phosphoramidite building blocks suitable for solid-phase synthesis were obtained. The synthesis of oligonucleotides from these building blocks was successful when a fast deprotection scheme was used. The pairing properties of 2'-arabino-ethynyl-modified oligonucleotides can be summarized as follows: The 2'-arabino-ethynyl modification of pyrimidine nucleosides leads to a strong destabilization in duplexes with DNA as well as with RNA. likely reason is that the ethynyl group sterically influences the torsional preferences around the glycosidic bond leading to a conformation not suitable for duplex formation. If the modification is introduced in purine nucleosides, no such influence is observed The pairing properties are not or only slightly changed, and, in some cases (deoxyadenosine homo-polymers), the desired stabilization of the pairing with a DNA complementary strand and destabilization with an RNA complement is observed In oligonucleotides of alternating deoxycytidine-deoxyguanosine sequence, the incorporation of 2'-arabinoethynyl deoxyguanosine surprisingly leads to the formation of a left-handed double helix, irresp. of salt concentration The rationalization for this behavior is that the ethynyl group locks such duplexes in a left-handed conformation through steric blockade.

IT 231623-33-9P 424822-71-9P 424822-72-0P 424822-78-6P 424822-79-7P

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 2'-Ethynyl-DNA to be used in the synthesis and pairing properties of DNA and RNA duplexes)

RN 231623-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN 424822-71-9 CAPLUS Cytidine, 2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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RN 424822-72-0 CAPLUS 

CN \beta-D-arabino-Cytidine, 2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-\beta-D-arabino-cytidylyl- (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-\beta-D-arabino-cytidylyl- (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-\beta-D-arabino-cytidylyl- (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-\beta-D-arabino-cytidylyl- (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-\beta-D-arabino-cytidylyl- (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-\beta-D-arabino-cytidylyl- (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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PAGE 1-B

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PAGE 2-B

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RN 424822-78-6 CAPLUS  \begin{array}{lll} & & & 424822-78-6 & CAPLUS \\ & & & \beta-D-\text{arabino-Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-$\beta-D-\text{arabino-cytidylyl-} \\ & & & (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-2'-ethynyl-$\beta-D-\text{arabino-cytidylyl-} \\ & & & (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-2'-ethynyl-$\beta-D-\text{arabino-guanylyl-} \\ & & & (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-2'-ethynyl-$\beta-D-\text{arabino-cytidylyl-} \\ & & & (3'\rightarrow5')-2'-\text{deoxy-2'-ethynyl-} & (9CI) & (CA INDEX NAME) \\ \end{array}
```

RN 424822-79-7 CAPLUS Cytidine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl- $\beta$ -D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

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H<sub>2</sub>N H R R O OH

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2N$ 
 $H_2N$ 

IT 231623-33-9DP, self-complementary 424822-80-0P 424822-82-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of 2'-Ethynyl-DNA to be used in the synthesis and pairing properties of DNA and RNA duplexes)

RN 231623-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} CH \\ CH \\ CH \\ CH \\ NH2N \\ NH2$$

PAGE 2-A

RN 424822-80-0 CAPLUS

CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3

CM 1

CRN 424822-71-9 CMF C56 H73 N18 O34 P5

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-B

CM 2

CRN 58626-19-0

CMF C60 H73 N30 O34 P5

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2N$ 
 $H_2N$ 
 $H_3N$ 
 $H_4N$ 
 $H_4N$ 

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-B

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RN 424822-82-2 CAPLUS
CN Guanosine, 2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-
2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-
deoxyguanylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-, complex with 2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-
β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-
arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-
cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-
(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-
(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-2'-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-cytidine (1:1) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 424822-72-0
CMF C66 H73 N18 O34 P5
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CM 2

CRN 58626-19-0 CMF C60 H73 N30 O34 P5

$$H_{2}N$$
 $H_{2}N$ 
 $H_{3}N$ 
 $H_{4}N$ 
 $H_{5}N$ 
 $H_{2}N$ 
 $H_{4}N$ 
 $H_{5}N$ 
 $H_{5}N$ 
 $H_{6}N$ 
 $H_{7}N$ 
 $H$ 

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PAGE 2-B

REFERENCE COUNT: 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:395013 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:102492

TITLE: Z-DNA formation by 2'-C-ethynyl-modified

oligonucleotides

AUTHOR(S): Buff, Rolf; Hunziker, Jurg

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Chemistry Biochemistry, Univ. Bern, Bern,

CH-3012, Switz.

SOURCE: Synlett (1999), (Spec.), 905-908

CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 131:102492

AB 9-(2'-Deoxy-2'-C-ethynyl-β-D-arabino-pentofuranosyl)guanine

phosphoramidite was prepared from guanosine in 9 steps and incorporated into oligodeoxynucleotides. Substitution of 2 or 3 ethynyl-modified guanosines

for deoxyguanosine within d(CG)3 or d(GC)3 leads to a Z-DNA-like conformation of the resulting duplex regardless of salt concentration

IT 231623-33-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 13 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 1999:17764 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:182710

TITLE:

2'-C-Branched Ribonucleosides: Synthesis of the

Howard Hughes Medical Institute Departments of

Phosphoramidite Derivatives of 2'-C- $\beta$ -Methylcytidine and Their Incorporation into

Oligonucleotides

AUTHOR(S):

Tang, Xiao-Qing; Liao, Xiangmin; Piccirilli, Joseph A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biochemistry Molecular Biology and Chemistry, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, 60637, USA Journal of Organic Chemistry (1999), 64(3), 747-754

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER:

SOURCE:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

We describe a strategy for the incorporation of a 2'-C-branched ribonucleoside, 2'-C-β-methylcytidine, into oligonucleotides via solid-phase synthesis using phosphoramidite derivs. 4-N-Benzoyl-2'-C- $\beta$ -methylcytidine was synthesized by coupling persilylated 4-N-benzoylcytosine with 1,2,3,5-tetra-O-benzoyl-2-C- $\beta$ -methyl- $\alpha$ -(and  $\beta$ )-D-ribofuranose in the presence of SnCl4 in acetonitrile, followed by selective deprotection with NaOH in pyridine/methanol. The 3'- and 5'-hydroxyl groups were blocked as a cyclic di-tertbutylsilanediyl ether by treatment with di-tert-butyldichlorosilane/AgNO3 in DMF. The 2'-hydroxyl group was then protected as a tert-butyldimethylsilyl ether by treatment with tert-butylmagnesium chloride followed by addition of tert-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate in THF. As an alternative to 2'-silyl protection, the corresponding 2'-O-tetrahydropyranyl ether was prepared by treatment with 4,5-dihydro-2H-pyran in the presence of a catalytic amount of 10-camphorsulfonic acid in methylene chloride. The di-tertbutylsilanediyl groups were removed by treatment with pyridinium poly(hydrogen fluoride). Protection of the 5'-hydroxyl group as a dimethoxytrityl ether and phosphitylation of the 3'-hydroxyl group by the standard procedure gave the phosphoramidite derivs. Both these derivs. could be used to incorporate 2'-C-β-methylcytidine into oligonucleotides efficiently via standard solid-phase synthesis, but the tetrahydropyranyl group was more readily removed from oligonucleotides than the tert-butyldimethylsilyl group. Oligonucleotides containing  $2'-C-\beta$ -methylcytidine undergo base-catalyzed degradation analogous to natural RNA.

220503-72-0P 220503-75-3P 220503-77-5P TТ

#### 220503-93-5P 220503-95-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of the phosphoramidite derivs. of 2'-C- $\beta$ -methylcytidine and their incorporation into oligonucleotides)

RN 220503-72-0 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxyuridylyl- $(3'\rightarrow5')$ -2'-O-[(1,1-

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-2'-C-methylcytidylyl-(3'→5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 2-A

RN 220503-75-3 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-(phosphono-32P)uridylyl-(3'→5')-2'-O-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-2'-C-methylcytidylyl-(3'→5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

RN 220503-77-5 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-(phosphono-32P)uridylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-C-methylcytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 220503-93-5 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxyuridylyl-(3'→5')-2'-C-methyl-2'-O-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)cytidylyl-(3'→5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 220503-95-7 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5'-O-(phosphono-32P)uridylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')-2'-C-methyl-2'-O-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)cytidylyl-(3' $\rightarrow$ 5')- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 84 THERE ARE 84 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:535791 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:276238

TITLE: Preparation of oligonucleotides having 5-fluorouracil

moiety

INVENTOR(S): Ozaki, Shoichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

KIND DATE

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

-----\_ - - -JP 10218893 **A**2 19980818 JP 1994-308073 19941107 JP 1994-308073 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Oligonucleotides having ≥1 5-fluorouracil moiety, useful as antitumor agents with reduced cytotoxicity, are prepared by binding 5-fluorouridine or 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine 5- or 3-(cyanoethyl phosphoramidite) or 2-(chlorophenyl phosphate) with nucleotides. IC50 of 5-fluorouridylyl-(5'→5')-5-fluorouridine, prepared from 2',3'-0-isopropylidene-5-fluorouridine and  $\beta$ -cyanoethyl phosphorodichloridite with 3 steps, against growth of human gastric cancer cell KATO-III was 0.005  $\mu M,$  vs. 0.021  $\mu M$  of 5-fluorouracil. IT214000-75-6P 214000-76-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of oligonucleotides having 5-fluorouracil moiety as antitumor agents)

APPLICATION NO. DATE

RN 214000-75-6 CAPLUS

CN Uridine, 5-fluorouridylyl-(3'→5')-thymidylyl-(3'→5')-2'cyano-2'-deoxy-β-D-arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

<u>\_\_0</u>

RN 214000-76-7 CAPLUS
CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5-fluorouridylyl-(3'→5')-2'-cyano-2'-deoxy-βD-arabino-cytidylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)